Fill'd with the ſenſe of age, the fire of youth,
A ſcorn of *wrangling*, yet a zeal for truth. *Pope.*
And all the queſtion, *wrangle* e'er ſo long,
Is only this, if God has plac'd him wrong. *Pope.*

WRA'NGLE. *n. ſ.* [from the verb.] A quarrel; a perverſe diſpute.
The giving the prieſt a right to the tithe would produce law-ſuits and *wrangles*. *Swift.*

WRA'NGLER. *n. ſ.* [from *wrangle*.] A perverſe, peeviſh, diſputative man.
Tell him h'ath made a match with ſuch a *wrangler*,
That all the courts of France will be diſturb'd
With chaſes. *Shakeſpeare's Henry V.*
Lord, the houſe and family are thine,
Though ſome of them repine;
Turn out theſe *wranglers*, which deſile thy ſeat:
For where thou dwelleſt all is neat. *Herbert.*
You ſhould be free in every anſwer, rather like well-bred gentlemen in polite converſation, than like noiſy and contentious *wranglers*. *Watts's Improvement of the Mind.*

To WRAP. *v. a.* [þpeoþpan, Saxon, to turn; *wreſſler*, Daniſh.]
1. To roll together; to complicate.
Peter ſeeth the napkin that was about his head *wrapped* together by itſelf. *John* xx. 7.
This ſaid, he took his mantle's foremoſt part,
He 'gan the ſame together fold and *wrap*. *Fairfax.*
2. To involve; to cover with ſomething rolled or thrown round.
Nilus opens wide
His arms, and ample boſom to the tide,
And ſpreads his mantle o'er the winding coaſt:
In which he *wraps* his queen and hides the flying hoſt. *Dryden.*
The ſword made bright is *wrapt* up for the ſlaughter. *Ezek.*
Their vigilance to elude, I *wrapt* in miſt
Of midnight vapour glide obſcure. *Milton.*
Wrap candles up in paper. *Swift's Directions to the Butler.*
3. To compriſe; to contain.
Leontine's young wife, in whom all his happineſs was *wrapt* up, died in a few days after the death of her daughter. *Addiſon.*
4. *To* WRAP *up*. To involve totally.
Some dear cauſe
Will in concealment *wrap* me *up* a while;
When I am known aright, you ſhall not grieve
Lending me this acquaintance. *Shakeſpeare's King Lear.*
King John fled to Lacus, who was careful how to comfort him, *wrapt up* in ſo many calamities, after the loſs of his kingdom. *Knolles's Hiſtory of the Turks.*
Things reflected on, in groſs and tranſiently, carry the ſhew of nothing but difficulty in them, and are thought to be *wrapped up* in impenetrable obſcurity. *Locke.*
5. [It is often corruptly written for *rap* or *rapt*, from *rapio*, Latin.] To ſnatch up miraculouſly.
Whatever things were diſcovered to St. Paul, when he was *wrapped* up into the third heaven, all the deſcription he makes is, that there are ſuch things as eye hath not ſeen, ear heard, nor hath it entered into the heart of man to conceive. *Locke.*
6. To tranſport; to put in eſtaſy.
Much more the reverent ſire prepar'd to ſay,
Wrap'd with his joy; how the two armies lay. *Cowley.*
7. [Perhaps the following paſſage ſhould properly be *rap'd*, though *wrapped* is now frequently uſed in this ſenſe.]
Wrapt up in ſilent fear he lies. *Waller.*
Wrap'd in amaze the matrons wildly ſtare. *Dryden.*

WRA'PPER. *n. ſ.* [from *wrap*.]
1. One that wraps.
2. That in which any thing is wrapped.
My arms were preſſed to my ſides, and my legs cloſed together by ſo many *wrappers*, that I looked like an Egyptian mummy. *Addiſon's Spectator.*

WRATH. *n. ſ.* [þpaþ, Saxon; *wrede*, Daniſh; *wreed*, cruel, Dutch.] Anger; fury; rage.
Thou doſt the prayers of the righteous ſeed
Preſent before the majeſty divine,
And his avenging *wrath* to clemency incline. *Fairy Queen.*
With one fool's head I came to *woo*,
But I go away with two:
Sweet, adieu! I'll keep my oath,
Patiently to bear my *wrath*. *Shak. Merch. of Venice.*
I fear,—leſt there be debates, envyings, *wraths*, ſtrifes. *Cor.*
He hop'd not to eſcape, but ſhun
The preſent, fearing guilty what his *wrath*
Might ſuddenly inflict. *Milton.*

WRA'THFUL. *adj.* [*wrath* and *full*.] Angry; furious; raging.
He cry'd, as raging ſeas are wont to roar,
When wintry ſtorm his *wrathful* wreck doth threat. *Fairy Queen.*
Fly from wrath:
Sad be the ſights, and bitter fruits of war,
And thouſand furies wait on *wrathful* ſwords. *Fa. Queen.*
How now, your *wrathful* weapons drawn? *Shakeſpeare.*
The true evangelical zeal ſhould abound more in the mild and good natured affections, than the vehement and *wrathful* paſſions. *Sprat's Sermons.*

WRA'THFULLY. *adv.* [from *wrathful*.] Furiouſly; paſſionately.
———Gentle friends,
Let's kill him boldly, but not *wrathfully*. *Shakeſpeare.*

WRA'THLESS. *adj.* [from *wrath*.] Free from anger.
Before his feet, ſo ſheep and lions lay,
Fearleſs and *wrathleſs*, while they heard him play. *Waller.*

To WREAK. *v. a.* Old preterite and part. paſſ. of *wroke*. [þpæcan, Saxon; *wrecken*, Dutch; *rechen*, German.]
1. To revenge.
In an ill hour thy foes thee hither ſent,
Another's wrongs to *wreak* upon thy ſelf. *Fairy Queen.*
Him all that while occaſion did provoke
Againſt Pyrocles, and new matter fram'd
Upon the old, him ſtirring to be *wroke*
Of his late wrongs. *Fairy Queen.*
Pale death our valiant leader hath oppreſt,
Come *wreak* his loſs, whom bootleſs ye complain. *Fairfax.*
2. To execute any violent deſign. This is the ſenſe in which it is now uſed.
On me let death *wreak* all his rage. *Milton.*
He left the dame,
Reſolv'd to ſpare her life, and ſave her ſhame,
But that deteſted object to remove,
To *wreck* his vengeance, and to cure her love. *Dryden.*
Think how you drove him hence, a wand'ring exile,
To diſtant climes, then think what certain vengeance
His rage may *wreak* on your unhappy orphan. *Smith.*
Her huſband ſcour'd away,
To *wreak* his hunger on the deſtin'd prey. *Pope.*
3. It is corruptly written for *reck*, to heed; to care.
My maſter is of churliſh diſpoſition,
And little *wreaks* to find the way to heav'n
By doing deeds of hoſpitality. *Shak. As you like it.*

WREAK. *n. ſ.* [from the verb.]
1. Revenge; vengeance.
Fortune, mine avowed foe,
Her wrathful *wreaks* themſelves do now allay. *Fa. Queen.*
Join with the Goths, and with revengeful war
Take *wreak* on Rome for this ingratitude,
And vengeance on the traitor Saturnine. *Shakeſ. Tit. Andr.*
2. Paſſion; furious fit.
What and if
His ſorrows have ſo overwhelm'd his wits,
Shall we be thus afflicted in his *wreaks*,
His fits, his frenzy, and his bitterneſs? *Shakeſp. Tit. Andr.*

WRE'AKFUL. *adj.* [from *wreak*.] Revengeful; angry.
Call the creatures,
Whoſe naked natures live in all the ſpite
Of *wreakful* heaven. *Shakeſpeare.*
She in Olympus' top
Muſt viſit Vulcan for new arms, to ſerve her *wreakful* ſon. *Chapman's Iliad.*

WRE'AKLESS. *adj.* [I know not whether this word be miſwritten for *reckleſs*, careleſs; or comes from *wreak*, revenge, and means unrevenging.]
So flies the *wreakleſs* ſhepherd from the wolf;
So firſt the harmleſs flock doth yield his fleece,
And next his throat unto the butcher's knife. *Shakeſ. H. VI.*

WREATH. *n. ſ.* [þreoþ, Saxon.]
1. Any thing curled or twiſted.
The *wreath* of three was made a *wreath* of five: to theſe three firſt titles of the two houſes, were added the authorities parliamentary and papal. *Bacon's Henry VII.*
Clouds began
To darken all the hill, and ſmoke to roll
In duſky *wreaths* reluctant flames. *Milton's Par. Loſt.*
He of his tortuous train
Curl'd many a wanton *wreath*. *Milton.*
Let altars ſmoak,
And richeſt gums, and ſpice, and incenſe roll
Their fragrant *wreaths* to heav'n. *Smith's Phæd. and Hip.*
2. A garland; a chaplet.
Now are our brows bound with victorious *wreaths*;
Our bruiſed arms hung up for monuments. *Shakeſp. R. III.*
Dropp'd from his head, a *wreath* lay on the ground. *Roſcommon.*
The boughs of Lotos, form'd into a *wreath*,
This monument, thy maiden beauty's due,
High on a plane-tree ſhall be hung to view. *Dryden.*
When for thy head the garland I prepare,
A ſecond *wreath* ſhall bind Aminta's hair;
And when my choiceſt ſongs thy worth proclaim,
Alternate verſe ſhall bleſs Aminta's name. *Prior.*
To prince Henry the laurels of his rival are tranſferred, with the additional *wreath* of having conquered that rival. *Shakeſpeare Illuſtrated.*

To

To WREATH. *v. a.* preterite *wreathed*; part. paſſ. *wreathed*, *wreathen*. [from the noun.]
1. To coil; to twiſt; to convolve.
Longaville
Did never ſonnet for her ſake compile,
Nor never laid his *wreathed* arms athwart
His loving boſom, to keep down his heart. *Shakeſpeare.*
About his neck
A green and gilded ſnake had *wreath'd* itſelf,
Who, with her head, nimble in threats approach'd
The opening of his mouth; but ſuddenly,
Seeing Orlando, it unlink'd itſelf,
And with indented glides did ſlip away. *Shak. As you like it.*
The beard of an oat is *wreathed* at the bottom, and one ſmooth entire ſtraw at the top: they take only the part that is *wreath'd*, and cut off the other. *Bacon.*
2. It is here uſed for to *writhe*.
Impatient of the wound,
He rolls and *wreaths* his ſhining body round;
Then headlong ſhoots beneath the daſhing tide. *Gay.*
3. To interweave; to entwine one in another.
Two chains of pure gold of *wreathen* work ſhalt thou make them, and faſten the *wreathen* chains to the ouches. *Ex.* xxviii.
As ſnakes breed in dunghills not ſingly, but in knots; ſo in ſuch baſe noiſome hearts you ſhall ever ſee pride and ingratitude indiviſibly *wreathed* and twiſted together. *South.*
Here, where the labourer's hands have form'd a bow'r
Of *wreathing* trees, in ſinging waſte an hour. *Dryden.*
4. To encircle as a garland.
In the flowers that *wreath* the ſparkling bowl,
Fell adders hiſs, and poiſ'nous ſerpents rowl. *Prior.*
5. To encircle as with a garland.
For thee ſhe feeds her hair,
And with thy winding ivy *wreathes* her lance. *Dryden.*
The ſoldier, from ſucceſsful camps returning,
With laurel *wreath'd*, and rich with hoſtile ſpoil,
Severs the bull to Mars. *Prior.*

WRE'ATHY. *adj.* [from *wreath*.] Spiral; curled; twiſted.
That which is preſerved at St. Dennis, near Paris, hath *wreathy* ſpires, and cochleary turnings about, which agreeth with the deſcription of an unicorn's horn in Ælian. *Brown.*

WRECK. *n. ſ.* [þræcce, Saxon, a miſerable perſon; *wracke*, Dutch, a ſhip broken.]
1. Deſtruction by being driven on rocks or ſhallows at ſea; deſtruction by ſea.
Fair be ye ſure; but hard and obſtinate,
As is a rock amidſt the raging floods;
'Gainſt which a ſhip, of ſuccour deſolate,
Doth ſuffer *wreck* both of herſelf and goods. *Spenſer.*
Like thoſe that ſee their *wreck*
Ev'n on the rocks of death; and yet they ſtrain,
That death may not them idly find t' attend
To their uncertain taſk, but work to meet their end. *Daniel.*
Think not that flying fame reports my ſhame;
I preſent, I appear, and my own *wreck* relate. *Dryden.*
2. Diſſolution by violence.
Not only Paradiſe,
In this commotion, but the ſtarry cope
Had gone to *wreck*. *Milton's Paradiſe Loſt.*
3. Ruin; deſtruction.
Whether he was
Combin'd with Norway, or did line the rebel
With hidden help and vantage; or that with both
He labour'd in his country's *wreck*, I know not. *Shakeſp.*
4. It is miſprinted here for *wreak*.
He cry'd as raging ſeas are wont to roar,
When wintry ſtorm his wrathful *wreck* doth threat. *Spenſer.*

To WRECK. *v. a.* [from the noun.]
1. To deſtroy by daſhing on rocks or ſands.
Have there been any more ſuch tempeſts, wherein ſhe hath wretchedly been *wrecked*? *Spenſer on Ireland.*
A pilot's thumb,
Wreck'd as homeward he did come. *Shakeſ. Macbeth.*
The coral found growing upon *wrecked* ſhips and loſt anchors, that are daily dragged up out of the ſea, demonſtrates that coral continues to be formed to this day. *Woodward.*
2. To ruin.
Weak and envy'd, if they ſhould conſpire,
They *wreck* themſelves, and he hath his deſire. *Dan'el.*
3. In the following paſſages it is ignorantly uſed for *wreak*, in its different ſenſes of *revenge* and *execute*.
Eighty odd years of ſorrow have I ſeen,
And each hour's joy *wreck'd* with a week of teen. *Shakeſp.*
I faint! I die! the goddeſs cry'd:
O cruel, could'ſt thou find none other
To *wreck* thy ſpleen on? Parricide!
Like Nero, thou haſt ſlain thy mother. *Prior.*

To WRECK. *v. n.* To ſuffer wreck.
With manlier objects we muſt try
His conſtancy, with ſuch as have more ſhew
Of worth, of honour, glory, and popular praiſe,
Rocks whereon greateſt men have often *wreck'd*. *Milton.*

WREN. *n. ſ.* [þpenna, Saxon.] A ſmall bird.
The poor *wren*,
The moſt diminutive of birds, will fight,
Her young ones in her neſt, againſt the owl. *Shakeſp. Moch.*
All ages have conceived that the *wren* is the leaſt of birds, yet the diſcoveries of America have ſhewed us one far leſs, the hum-bird not much exceeding a beetle. *Brown's Vulgar Errours.*

To WRENCH. *v. a.* [þringan, Saxon; *wrenghen*, Dutch.]
1. To pull by violence; to wreſt; to force.
Wrench his ſword from him. *Shakeſ. Othello.*
Oh form!
How often do'ſt thou with thy caſe, thy habit,
Wrench awe from fools, and tie the wiſer ſouls
To thy falſe ſeeming! *Shak. Meaſure for Meaſure.*
Give me that mattock and the *wrenching* iron. *Shakeſp.*
Cæſar's army, wanting ſomething, demanded a miſſion or diſcharge, though with no intention it ſhould be granted; but thought by that means to *wrench* him to their other deſires. *Bacon.*
Sing the Parthian, when tranſfix'd he lies,
Wrenching the Roman jav'lin from his thighs. *Dryden.*
Achilles *wrench'd* it out, and ſent again
The hoſtile gift. *Dryden.*
Struggling to get looſe, I broke the ſtrings, and *wrenched* out the pegs that faſtened my arm to the ground. *Gull. Travels.*
2. To ſprain; to diſtort.
O moſt ſmall fault!
How ugly didſt thou in Cordelia ſhow?
Which, like an engine, *wrencht* my frame of nature
From the fix'd place; drew from my heart all love,
And added to the gall. *Shakeſp. King Lear.*
You *wrenched* your foot againſt a ſtone, and were forced to ſtay. *Swift.*

WRENCH. *n. ſ.* [from the verb.]
1. A violent pull or twiſt.
2. A ſprain.
Some ſmall part of the foot being injured by a *wrench*, the whole leg thereby loſes its ſtrength. *Locke.*
3. WRENCHES, in *Chaucer*, ſignifies means, ſleights, ſubtilties; which is, I believe, the ſenſe here.
He reſolved to make his profit of this buſineſs of Britain, as a quarrel for war; and that of Naples as a *wrench* and mean for peace. *Bacon's Henry VII.*

To WREST. *v. a.* [þræſtan, Saxon.]
1. To twiſt by violence; to extort by writhing or force.
To wring this ſentence, to *wreſt* thereby out of men's hands the knowledge of God's doctrine, is without all reaſon. *Aſcham.*
To what wretched ſtate reſerv'd,
Better end here unborn! Why is life giv'n,
To be thus *wreſted* from us? *Milton's Paradiſe Loſt.*
Where you charged in perſon, you were a conqueror: the rebels afterwards recovered ſtrength, and *wreſted* that victory from others that they had loſt to you. *Dryden.*
Our country's cauſe,
That drew our ſwords, now *wreſts* 'em from our hand,
And bids us not delight in Roman blood,
Unprofitably ſhed. *Addiſon's Cato.*
O prince, I bluſh to think what I have ſaid;
But fate has *wreſted* the confeſſion from me. *Addiſon.*
2. To diſtort; to writhe; to force.
So far to extend their ſpeeches, is to *wreſt* them againſt their meaning. *Hooker.*
My father's purpoſes have been miſtook,
And ſome about him have too laviſhly
Wreſted his meaning and authority. *Shakeſp. Henry IV.*
Wreſt once the law to your authority;
To do a great right, do a little wrong. *Shakeſpeare.*

WREST. *n. ſ.* [from the verb.]
1. Diſtortion; violence.
Whereas it is concluded, out of thoſe ſo weak premiſes, that the retaining of divers things in the church of England, which other reformed churches have caſt out, muſt needs argue that we do not well, unleſs we can ſhew that they have done ill: what needed this *wreſt*, to draw out from us an accuſation of foreign churches? *Hooker.*
2. It is uſed in *Spenſer* and *Shakeſpeare* for an active or moving power: I ſuppoſe, from the force of a tilter acting with his lance in his reſt.
Adown he keſt it with ſo puiſſant *wreſt*,
That back again it did aloft rebound,
And gave againſt his mother earth a groneful ſound. *F. Q.*
Antenor is ſuch a *wreſt* in their affairs,
That their negotiations all muſt ſlack'n,
Wanting his manage. *Shakeſ. Troilus and Creſſida.*

WRESTER. *n. ſ.* [from *wreſt*.] He who wreſts.

To WRE'STLE. *v. n.* [from *wreſt*.]
1. To contend who ſhall throw the other down.
You have loſt the ſight of good *wreſtling*. *Shakeſpeare.*
If ever he goes alone again, I'll never *wreſtle* for prize more. *Shakeſ. As you like it.*

Another,